

Paraguay COUNTRY PROFILE

Conveyed by:



COUNTRY PROFILE AND MAIN INDICATORS



SURFACE

406.752 km2

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (2021)

USD 38.839 million

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT PER CAPITA (2021)

USD 5.282

VARIATION OF GDP SINCE 2021

4,2%

Growth of GDP for 2022 (Central Bank projection, June 2022)

0,2%

INFLATION (2021)

6,8%

PUBLIC EXTERNAL DEBT (a pril 2022)

USD 11.779 mill. (29,3% of GDP)

POPULATION (2022)

7.453.695

CURRENCY

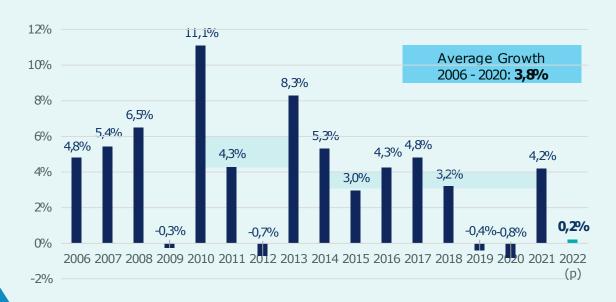
Guaraní (PYG)

EXCHANGE RATE (june 2022)

6.854 (Gs./USD)

SOURCE: Central Bank, DGEEC, World Bank

VARIATION OF PARAGUAYAN GDP

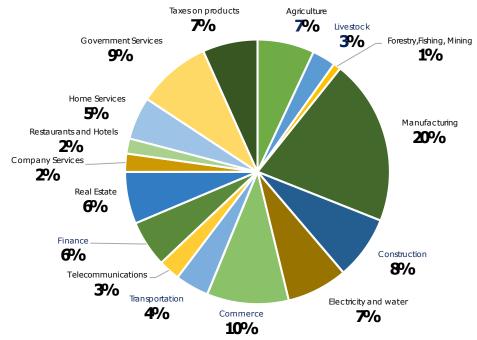


Inrecent years Paraguay maintained positive average growth, despite the volatility of its main trading partners. In 2020 and 2021, remained as the least affected country in the region by the COVID-19 Pandemic.

SOURCE: BCP - 2022 "BCP projection"



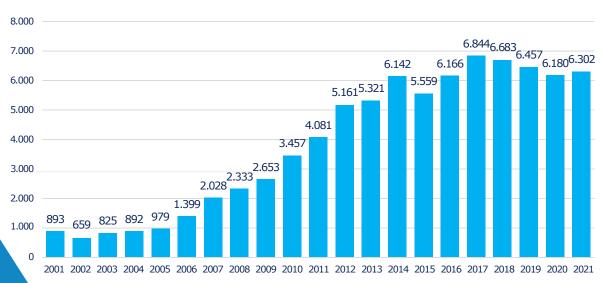
GDP COMPOSITION



SOURCE: BCP- año de base: 2021

FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI) EVOLUTION

FDI STOCK IN MILLIONS USD



SOURCE: BCP



FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI) COMPOSITION

BALANCE OF FDI IN MILLIONS USD AT THE END OF 2020



LEADER IN FAVORABLE BUSINESS CLIMATE

BUSINESS CLIMATE INDEX

COUNTRY	RANKING
Chile	2
Brazil	3
Colombia	4
Peru	5
Mexico	6
Uruguay	7
Bolivia	8
Argentina	9
Ecuador	10

SOURCE: Foundation Getulio Vargas 2021

INDEX OF EASE TO DOING BUSINESS/ RANKING



SOURCE: World Bank



THE MOST SIMPLE AND COMPETITIVE TAX **SCHEME**

TAXES		÷	4	•	<u> </u>
Maximum rate for corporate income tax	10 %*	30%	25%	34%	25%
Maximum rate for personal income tax	10 %	35%	36%	28%	13%
Common indirect tax rate (e.g. VAT)	10 %	21%	22%	17%	13%
Total referential of taxes and social contributions (according to the World Bank)	35 %	106%	42%	65%	84%
dividends, an addi tional tax of 15% s applied to net income. * In the case of h a maximum of 23.5%.Más ción sobre este texto de origen informa together reac					

LABOR REGIME

In accordance to the current paraguayan Labor legislation

(Law 213/93 and ammendments)

PAID HOLIDAYS			
ENIORITY	PAID HOLIDAY		
0 to 5 years	12 working days		
More than 5 to 10 years	18 working days		
More than 10 years	30 working days		

Social Security (IPS)

Employer: 16,5% Employee: 9%

OTHER IMPORTANT DATA

- **WORKING HOURS:** 48 per week
- 13TH SALARY: paid at the end of the year (equal to 1/12 of the yearly earned salary)
- LEGAL MINIMUM WAGE (05/2021): Gs. 2,192,839 (USD 324)
- Maternity Leave and nursing time

For further information about the labor legislation, see the Law 213/93 (Labor Code), and their amendments and implementation rules.



KEY FACTS FOR INVESTMENT IN PARAGUAY

Greater
projected
economic
growth in Latin
America
between 2020
and 2024
(according to
IMF)

Lowest indirect tax rate in the region

Lowest corporate tax rate in the region

Lowest energy costs in the region

Economic resilience to external factors (crisis in Argentina and Brazil)

Growing economic diversification

Macroeconomic discipline Low public debit

The National Government's structural reforms are underway.

Youngest population in the region

SOURCE: M IC/REDIEX

60/90 INVESTMENT INCENTIVE LAW



Import tax on Capital Goods (Machinery and Equipment)



Value Added Tax (VAT) on Capital Goods (Local orforeign acquisition)



DEBT: Tax applied on remittances and payments of Interests (for investments equal or higher than USD 5 million)



PRO FITS: Tax applied on remittances dividends and utilities (for 10 years for investments equal or higher than USD 5 million)

SOURCE: MIC/REDIEX



OTHER INCENTIVES

RAW MATERIAL REGIME

Benefits on the imports of raw material and implements with a **0%customs tax**, provided proof it is used in their own production process, and there is no national production for them

PRODUCT AND NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT REGIME

Law **4558/11** grants a margin of preference for Paraguayan products and services in public purchases.

BENEFICIARIES:

"Each industry of the country, registered at the Ministry of Industry and Commerce"

SOURCE: M IC/REDIEX

OTHER INCENTIVES / LAW 5542 INVESTMENT GUARANTEE

MAIN BENEFITS

- Invariability of the tax rate of the corporate tax for companies for a period of up to 10 years, counted from its start, with the possibility of extending the deadline for exceptional projects *
- **Favorable exchange rate**, for capital and profits transfers.
- Special regime for exports of part or all of the goods produced. Companies may maintain a percentage of foreign currency abroad, when these are necessary for the payment of obligations; or compliance with the remittance of the profits that the investments generate.

* Up to 15 years for investments between USD 50 MILLION and less than USD 100 MILLION; up to 20 years for investments in industrial projects of an amount equal to or greater than USD 100 MILLION.

SOURCE: MIC/REDIEX



MAQUILA REGIME

Regime for the production of goods and services for export

- TAX OF 1% on the final value of the produced goods/ services.
- Suspension of import taxes for materials, machinery and other necessary supplies.
- VATretums on the purchase of goods and services, as a tax credit.
- Tax Exemption on income and dividends remittances.



SOURCE: M IC/REDIEX

FREE TRADE ZONES

Goods and Services Exemption of all types of departmental and municipal fees Single tax of 0.5% on the invoice of sales to third countries

Real estate infrastructure for different types of activities

Maintenance of the origin of the products introduced in the Free Trade Zone, if there is no change in the tariff line

(Law 523/95, Art. 20; Decree 7068/2006 and Decree 1933/2019) Environmental license

Specific protection measures for their products, such as a differentiated import fee, prior import licenses, among others

Agile customs processing

SOURCE: Ministry of Finance



EXPANDED MARKET AND NETWORK OF COMMERCIAL AGREEMENTS

- Paraguay as a Mercosur State Party to Mercosur has access to a market of more than 260 million inhabitants.
- Paraguay receives special and differentiated treatment in the following areas:
 - Preferential rules of origin: 40% regional content and 60% extrazone for a majority of the products.
 - Positive concessions for Paraguay in external negotiations
 - National List of Exceptions to the Common External Tariff of Mercosur of 649 tariff items.
 - Special regimes for the import of raw materials, agricultural inputs and capital goods and computer and telecommunications.



SOURCE: M IC/REDIEX



Paraguay's Economy from Stable to Positive

Moody'S INVESTORS SERVICE

Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") has affirmed on July 22, 2022 the Government of Paraguay's long-term Ba1 issuer ratings and senior unsecured bond ratings and changed the outlook to positive from stable.

The key drivers for the "Positive Outlook" are:

- ✓ A track-record of solid growth and prudent fiscal policy are supporting Paraguay's positive credit momentum; fiscal and debt metrics compare favorably with those of Baa-rated sovereigns.
- ✓ Structural and fiscal reforms will support institutional strength and governance.

